BABYLONIAN PAGANISM

1. Trinity - One Supreme god divided into 3.

2. People must go to priest to reach god.

3. Celebacy of priests and priestesses.

4. The nativity of the Sun, and the birth of Tammuz December 25.

5. The assumption of Semiramus who became the mother goddess.

6. The mother goddess was worshiped as the Queen of Heaven.

7. Cakes decorated to the goddess with a "+" drawn on it.

8. 40 days fasting for Tammuz.

9. Festival of Easter.

10. Veneration of graven images of different greater and lesser gods in the heavens.

11. The belief of immortality of the soul and burning place of torment.

12. The doctrine of purgatory.

13. The belief of the dead visiting the living, feast held for all in November.

14. Burning incense and candles.

15. Beaded prayer chains.

16. Chants and repetitive prayers.

17. Symbol of the cross as a symbol of Sun worship.

18. Amulets and idols to scare away evil spirits.

19 The round disk "sun" wafer IHS symbol of Isis, Horus & Seb, eaten as food for the soul. Some wafers also had a large "+" sign engraved on them as well.

ROMAN CATHOLIC CHURCH

Trinity - Father, Son and Holy Spirit making up One god.

People must go to priest to reach god.

Celebacy of priests and nuns.

The nativity of Jesus on Christmas December 25.

The assumption of Mary, who became the mother of God.

The Virgin Mary worshiped as the Queen of Heaven.

Hot cross buns.

40 days of Lent.

The festival of Easter.

Veneration of graven images of Jesus, Mary, Peter, and of "lesser" saints in the heavens.

The belief of immortality of the soul and burning place of torment.

The doctrine of purgatory.

The festival of All Saints Day held November 1, and All Souls Day held November 2.

The burning of incense and candles.

Rosary beads.

Gregorian chants.

The crucifix.

The wearing of crucifixes and medals displayed for protection, such as the Scapular.

The wafer used in the Eucharist is round with IHS engraved on it on one side, and many have a large "+" engraved on the other side.

20. Image of the child (Tammuz) and mother (Semiramus) with the glory of the Sun around their heads	Paintings of the child (Jesus) and mother (Mary) with halos or of the Sun around their heads.
21. Infant baptism, and sprinkling of holy water.	Infant baptism, and sprinkling of holy water.
22. The title Pontifex Maximus used for chief head of the Babylonian mystery religion.	Pontifex Maximus used as one of the first names for the office of Pope.
23. The high priest kings carried on a throne to the to the Temple of his god.	The Pope carried on a portable throne to the Basilica of St. Peter (Sedia Gestoria).
24. The Pagan high priest king believed to be the incarnate of the Sun god.	The Pope proclaims to be Christ's Vicar (replacement) here on Earth. The pope also claims to be god on earth.
25. Statues of a "Madonna" found in all Pagan cults (i.e., Egyptian Madonna Isis with her son Horus; Hindu cults with Divaki and her son Krishna).	Statues of Mary can be found in all Catholic churches holding baby Jesus <u>.</u>
26. Oanne (known as Dagon by others), Babylonian fish-god (half man half fish) was depicted by Pagan high priests wearing a fish head mitre or head dress on their head to symbolize man and fish joining when the "sun god" set into the ocean.	Fish-like Mitres are worn by all Popes.